

Evening Telegraph
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)
AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING,
NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); or
eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom
served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars
per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two
months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1899.

A DIET OF RATS FOR THE LABOR-
ING CLASSES.

LAST evening, for the first time, a sensible
query was propounded in the frothy labor
convention which has been holding its
sessions here during the present week. A colored
delegate from Maryland was upon the floor,
engaged in the discussion of the coolie ques-
tion. According to his view of the case, the
coolie comes to this country, if he comes at
all, not to take the place of the negro laborer,
but to push the white man to the wall; and
in support of this theory, the sable gentleman
from Maryland turned upon his paler col-
leagues with the pertinent question, "Can
you eat rats?" A roar of laughter was the
only response which the brawny sons of toil
could make, but the response was characteris-
tic of the utter lack of wisdom and common
sense which has marked their proceedings
from the outset.

After five days were passed in wrangling
over that irrepressible gentleman, Miss Susan
B. Anthony, and in listening to the stupid
vagaries of old Frank Blair and Helper, the
renegade of "Impending Crisis" fame, inter-
persed with the still more stupid platitudes
which the delegates themselves brought forth,
the so-called Congress, late in the session of
yesterday, reached the momentous question
of a vote upon the platform. As adopted, it
is constituted of seventeen planks, and each
plank is worthy of its origin. All the hosh
and nonsense which Blair and Helper and
the rest of them have gotten off during the
week is here boiled down and simmered until
it comes as frail and airy a fabric as a strip
of gossamer cloth. The national banking sys-
tem is denounced because, of course, no
member of the convention has his name
upon a list of stockholders; and because,
furthermore, it conflicts with a wonderful
document known as the Constitution of the
United States. The present rate of interest
is denounced, because, as a man with half
an eye can see, at five per cent, twice as
much money can be borrowed as when the
rate of interest is at ten. The entire mon-
etary system of the country is denounced,
because, as the world goes, it is capital that
employs labor, and not labor that employs
capital, and the attempt of labor to enslave
capital is not always and invariably suc-
cessful. The payment of the national debt
in the hard coin to which the nation is
pledged, the present rate of interest paid by
the Government, and the exemption of the
national securities from taxation are de-
nounced, because the bloated bondholders
take a different view of *numm* and *lucrum*
from that held by the revolutionary members
of the Congress. Land monopolies are de-
nounced because, when a laboring man enters
upon this sphere of speculation, he loses all
interest in labor unions and labor con-
gresses, and in the cheap buncme in which
they delight to indulge. Ten hours daily
toil are denounced, because eight hours will
give a laboring man more time to study
political economy and finance and agitate
the great labor question, even at the expense
of a decrease of twenty per cent. in the amount
of his daily earnings. The equal assessment
of taxation is denounced, because, if all the
revenue of the Government were derived
from the capitalists, the laborers could better
afford to devote a good share of their time
to attendance upon labor congresses. And,
finally, although Miss Susan B. Anthony was
so roughly handled by the convention, the
women of the country are invited to rally
around the standard of the men and partici-
pate in the grand revel which will follow
the impending overthrow of the present order
of things.

Precisely what the convention is doing
to-day we are not advised as we write, but
there is one thing which it has promised to
do that receives our hearty endorsement, and
that is to adjourn. The city has had about
enough of it, and will take leave of the dele-
gates without any profound expressions of
regret. They have accomplished nothing,
and despite the passage of a resolution to get
up a new party which shall smash all the old
parties without much ado, and the defeat of a
resolution declaring that nothing in the platform
shall be construed as a repudiation of the
national debt, it is safe to say that they have
harmd no one except themselves and injured
nothing save the cause which they professed
to represent. If the sun, moon, and stars
should chance to take the back track, at the
bidding of the Congress, and a general moral,
social, economical, financial, industrial, and
cosmical upheaval should result, the laboring
classes throughout the country would be com-
pelled to respond in the affirmative to the
query of the dusky savior from Maryland:—
"Can you eat rats?"

THE NEW YORK JUDICIARY.

THE people of this city have heard often
enough comments on the scandalous corrup-
tion in the New York courts, but except the
comparatively few who habitually read the
daily papers of that city in which the pro-
ceedings of the courts are reported in detail,
have any adequate idea of the demoralization
that actually exists. In the hands of such
men as Justices Barnard, McCann, Cardozo,
and others of the New York bench, justice is
not merely a burlesque, but its name is used
to cover a multitude of crimes. These men
are the paid employees of politicians, railroad
speculators, and ring-masters generally, and
all the machinery of the law is put in opera-
tion whenever required for the benefit of
their clients. All the powers of the judiciary

in the way of mandamus, injunctions,
writs of habeas corpus, attachments,
etc., are used with a recklessness
and utter want of scruple that bid fair to
ruin some of the greatest business enterprises
of the city and the State, if some means for
effecting a reform is not speedily devised.
The Erie war and the Susquehanna Railroad
war, in which rival bands of stock gamblers
fired away at each other with injunctions
and court injunctions from different courts of
concurrent jurisdiction, until such ammuni-
tion being exhausted they actually came to
blows and bloodshed, are recent instances
that have attracted the attention of the whole
country. In the case of the last-named road,
matters come to such a pass, that to preserve
the public peace, the Governor of the State was
obliged to interfere and take the matter into
his own hands, thus superseding the courts.
The precedent thus set is itself full of evil
augury for the future, but under the circum-
stances nothing else was to be done, and this
illegal assumption of power met with general
commendation.

The New York Times, which is the most
unpartisan, the most independent, and gen-
erally the most impartial and discreet of the
journals of that city, gave, a few days ago, a
severe but just and perfectly correct review
of Judge Barnard's conduct in the Susquehanna
Railroad difficulty. It showed how he
issued the writs of his Court, not from the
bench, but from the office of the Erie Rail-
road Company, and proved conclusively that
he was nothing more nor less than the paid
employee of Fisk and his co-conspirators.
This article touched Barnard to the quick,
and yesterday at the opening of the Court he
commenced a tirade against the present as
well as the late editor of the Times, stating
with regard to the supposed writer of the
article, that he (Barnard) had saved him
some five years ago from being sent to the
penitentiary for forgery, and then asserted
that the late Mr. Raymond had gone
home drunk and fell down dead after attack-
ing and misrepresenting the character of
Barnard, thereby implying that the sudden
death of the honored editor of the Times was
a judgment from heaven on account of Barnard.
This judge also stated that hereafter he in-
tended to make a personal *expose* of the per-
sonal character of his assailants; so we may
expect some highly edifying remarks about
the private history of the prominent New
York journalists from him ere long. As for
the charge brought against the memory of
Mr. Raymond, or the still more disgraceful
allegations with regard to the present editor
of the Times, no one believes them; and
no one will, except on better evidence than
the vindictive asseveration of a man of Judge
Barnard's well-known character.

Another characteristic specimen of the New
York Judiciary is McCann, who does the
dirty work of the Democracy, and whose
recent conflict with the United States authori-
ties has brought him into notoriety.
McCann has again distinguished himself by
ordering the unconditional release of the de-
faulting teller of the Tennessee Bank, refus-
ing to postpone proceedings, although he was
informed that the Governor had remanded
the man to the custody of the Tennessee au-
thorities on the requisition of the authorities
of that State.

These instances show in the most glaring
manner the magnitude of the evils of an elec-
tive judiciary, especially where the Democ-
racy are able to obtain the control of the
political machinery. In this city we have
managed thus far to keep our courts pure
and unspotted by a suspicion of the sale of
justice, but the elective system which we have
as well as New York is an evil that may some
day master us as it has done our sister city.
The Judges of the New York bench wield a
power that ought not to be in the hands
of any man or set of men in a free
country. They are their own masters,
and the masters of the people, responsible
to nobody but themselves, and perfectly willing
to sell themselves to the highest bidder. New
York submits to a great deal in the way of
official corruption; but it does not seem that
the present state of affairs can last much
longer. Already the Union Pacific Railroad
has been obliged to remove its office to
another city, and other great companies are
preparing to follow suit; and if something is
not done in the way of reform, the Democ-
racy will be the ruin of New York, as it has
been the ruin of whatever else it has touched.

THE GETTYSBURG REUNION.

If special pains are not taken by those who
engineer the Gettysburg reunion movement
to avoid partiality, there is danger that, in-
stead of setting history right, undue weight
may be given to erroneous theories, and that
the whole demonstration will result in a
gigantic gratuitous advertisement of the new
watering-place on the one hand, and injustice
to the memory of some of the dead and
absent heroes of the fight on the other. It
is perhaps unavoidable at Gettysburg, as well
as at all other great battle-fields, to prevent
the men in epaulettes from monopolizing the
honors won by the hard fighting and unflin-
ging courage of the rank and file. How many
blunders or neglects of commanding officers
were covered up during the three
days' fight by the heroism of
the boys in blue the world
will never know; but even the disputed ques-
tions between the officers may not be
equitably adjusted if the attendance of repre-
sentative men is not complete. The absence
of a single important witness may turn the
whole scale of evidence in an ordinary mur-
der trial, and before a complete and veritable
account of the details of one of the greatest
battles of the world can be compiled, every
essential link of testimony should be supplied.
This is even more essential at Gettysburg than
on ordinary battle-fields, not only on
account of the magnitude and complicated
nature of the movements
which occurred there, but on account
of the bitter controversies which have arisen
in regard to the struggle. Some of the most
important witnesses now slumber in honored

graves. Reynolds, Sedgwick, Birney, Farns-
worth, and many other officers are dead, and
Sickles, whose conduct has been severely
criticized, as well as many other officers who
took an active part in the conflict, will neces-
sarily be absent. At the best, any new deci-
sions that may be reached will therefore not be
fortified at all points by absolutely conclusive
evidence, and some of the questions involved
will probably remain as open to future doubt
and dispute as they are at this moment. If
the reunion results in an attestation of some
of the leading facts, this is perhaps all that
can be reasonably expected.

NEW-YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent.
NEW YORK, August 21, 1899.
On all that
Mrs. Stove has been Snapped Up
by Robert Bonner, at the rate of \$500 per column
(payable in gold) to write the "true story" of all
the "separated" wives of distinction from
Charles Dickens to Charles Sumner's, including
Matilda Heron and not forgetting Sarah Ann
Leslie. Her "true story" of Lady Byron has
met with such remarkable and instant success,
is so indicative of womanly intuition into
character and delicate appreciation of private
motives, that I should not be surprised were
that editor of the hard-conscience Bonner, to
throw over Mrs. Southworth altogether, and
install the reckless "Atlantic Monthly" in her
place. One and all of the newspapers here join
in the attack upon her, and she is catching it
hot and heavy. If Mr. Bonner does not succeed
in securing her services, I presume the New
York Sunday Mercury or the Day's Doings will.

The woman who possesses such a capability for
winning the confidences of injured wives, and
then rushing with them into print, deserves to
be read by a much wider set of readers than the
perusers of the Atlantic amount to. It is a pity
she has not the chance of repeating the experi-
ment. It is high time to regard with suspicion
the inner lives of distinguished men who are
separated from their wives. Well may they
dread to die. The Great American Unmasker
is abroad, and the coffin-lid shall scarcely close
over them ere their hearts will be "torn before
the crowd."

The Miss Gertrude Clark
who some weeks ago fled from this country,
seized with the desire of becoming an actress,
has returned a wiser, but not necessarily a
sadder girl. She has had nothing to make her
sadder. The salt-water has added a rose to her
complexion, and during the trip she has gathered
a wealth of health, for the lack of which nor gold
nor greenbacks could compensate. She was
discovered in obscure but comfortable lodgings
in Dublin, and was preparing to make her first
appearance in one of those characters in which
Anna Cora Mowat, in former years, created
such *furor*. Her ardor is a little damped, but
neither her nose nor her eyes have become
rubicund with the plaintive snivel of the re-
pentant prodigal. She is a high-spirited, good
girl, who has been "out on a lark," and appears to
have enjoyed it considerably.

Season of English Opera
commences in this city at the French Theatre
three weeks from this evening. She has made
a goodly collection of *primo donne* and *tenors*,
and during her recuperation at the watering-
place has added another chin to the several
that already scolloped the way to her lovely little
neck. Madame Rosa will appear in Balfe's
Puritan's Daughter, and perhaps will be
prevailed upon to do "Juliet" or "Rosina," in
the latter of which, because of the short dress, she
is said to present an extremely attenuated ap-
pearance. Carl Rosa is going to be the busi-
ness manager of the establishment, and Parepa-
rosa is going to be the business manager of
him. Each having a suitable department to
attend to, harmony must be the result.

I am not surprised to learn that
Philadelphia is Getting Short of Water.
Any city which permits its Biddies to wash
front pavements to the extent the front pavements
of Philadelphia are washed before 7
o'clock of a Saturday morning, deserves such
a visitation as this. Fairmount has for a long
time winked at the iniquity of this waste of
water, and can only remedy the evil by removing
the cause.

The efforts of a gang of New York roughs to
Break Up a Picnic,
which took place a day or two ago at one of the
suburbs, have struck a heavy blow at these sum-
mer jaunts. The Emmett Guard, every member
of which was accompanied by one or more
ladies, was celebrating some festal occasion,
when it was suddenly attacked by a crowd of
these ruffians, whose choicest pleasure it is to
insult women and children. In an instant the
happy pleasure-party were converted into the
actors of a scene which at one time bade fair to
end tragically. Fortunately the Emmett Guard
were too numerous and chivalrously repre-
sented for the ruffians to make as much way as
they expected, although several of the Emmett
Guard were severely wounded. Coney
Island is one of the worst resorts of these
gangs, and it is a wonder that, in spite of
all the efforts of the Commissioners, they have
not yet penetrated into Central Park. Prob-
ably because, on making an attempt some
years ago, they met with their match at once,
and were put down in such a manner as gave
them no hope of any ultimate success. The
Emmett Guard affair, however, has put an end
to the picnic *furor*. It will see no resurrec-
tion until next summer.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

- THE FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
WASHINGTON SQUARE. Preaching To-morrow
at 10 1/2 A. M.
TABERNACLE BAPTIST CHURCH.
West Chester Street. Preaching To-morrow
Morning. Service at 10 o'clock.
REV. E. R. BRADLE WILL PREACH
To-morrow at the SECOND PRESBYTERIAN
CHURCH, N. E. corner of TWENTY-FIRST and WAL-
NUT Streets, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 8 P. M.
ST. CLEMENT'S CHURCH.—TO-MOR-
row being the fourth Sunday in the month, the
Afternoon Service will be omitted. Services in the
Evening at 8 o'clock.
CALVARY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Locust Street, above Fifteenth. Preaching To-
morrow at 10 1/2 A. M. by Rev. JAMES T. HYDE, of
Conn.
ALEXANDER PRESBYTERIAN
CHURCH, NINEENTH and GREEN Streets.
Sabbath Morning, service commencing at 10 o'clock.
THE CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY.
corner of FIFTEENTH and CHESTNUT Streets.
Afternoon Service in the Church on the morning at
10 1/2, and in the afternoon at 8 o'clock.
HALL YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN AS-
SOCIATION, No. 1210 CHESTNUT Street.
The Monthly Meeting of the YOUNG MEN'S CHRIS-
TIAN ASSOCIATION will be held next MONDAY
Evening, service commencing at 7 1/2 o'clock.
Key by J. H. COYLE, Esq. Subject—"Sabbath
School Machinery."
The question for discussion:—"Are the modern arrange-
ments for conducting Sabbath Schools adequate to the
work before us?"
Vocal and Instrumental Music under the direction of
Professor John Bower.
The public are invited. 8 21 24

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

- CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL
CHURCH, EIGHTH and GREEN Streets.—
Rev. Mr. EMERSON will preach to-morrow at 10 1/2 A. M.
and 8 P. M. The congregating Army Road Street
Presbyterian Church unite in these services.
CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
(EIGHTH and CHERRY Streets).—Rev. W.
HENRY GREEN, D. D., Preaching at 10 o'clock. Strangers
are cordially invited.
UNION SERVICES.—SEVENTH and
NINTH ARCH STREET PRESBYTERIAN
CHURCH.—Rev. A. WILLIAMS, D. D., will preach
in the SEVENTH ARCH STREET, above Chestnut, and Rev. E.
R. BRADLE, D. D., in the Evening, at 8 o'clock, in the
WEST ARCH STREET CHURCH, EIGHTH and
ARCH Streets.
NOTICE.—THE TENTH PRESBYTE-
RIAN CHURCH (Rev. Dr. Boardman's), corner of
WALNUT and TWELFTH Streets, will, Providence per-
mitting, be open for Divine service every Sabbath through-
out the year, at 10 1/2 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. Dr. McVILLAIN, of Princeton, is engaged to
preach during that time.
Strangers and all others, are cordially invited to at-
tend. 7 10 20 21

SPECIAL NOTICES.

- FOR THE SUMMER.—TO PREVENT
sunburn and all discolorations and irritations of the
skin, use of Mosquitoes, or other insects, use Wright's
Almond Glycerine Talcum. It is deliciously fragrant,
transparent, and has no equal as a toilet. For sale by
druggists generally. R. & G. WRIGHT, No. 724
CHESTNUT Street.
U. S. OFFICE OF ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.
An appropriation of \$50,000 having been made by
Congress for the purpose of fitting amputees with
ARTIFICIAL LIMBS FOR OFFICERS
of the United States Army, who may be entitled to the
service, application may now be made in person, or by
letter, by officers entitled to the benefit of the act, and
who are desirous of being fitted with artificial limbs.
Dr. B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist,
No. 675 BROADWAY, New York.
Office for supplying artificial limbs.
MERCANTILE LIBRARY, TENTH
Street, above Chestnut.—On MONDAY, 23d instant,
and until further notice, the Newspaper Room will
be open from 10 o'clock to 12 o'clock. The Library Room
will be opened at 9 o'clock, as heretofore.
REPUBLICAN MASS MEETINGS.
OPENING OF THE CAMPAIGN.
The Union Republican State Central Committee have
made arrangements for Mass Meetings at Millersville, Pa.,
Troy, Bradford county, September 4, 1899.
Governor JOHN W. GEARY and the Hon. JOHN
SCOTT have been invited to address these meetings, and
have consented to be present on the 4th.
W. J. P. WHITE,
G. W. HANESLEY,
M. L. QUAY,
S. F. SWINER, Secretaries. 8 21 24

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.
SECOND DISTRICT, PENNSYLVANIA.
No. 12 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Income Tax for
1898, due on Watches, Carriages, etc., and Special or
License Tax for year ending April 30, 1899, is now due
and payable at this office until SEPTEMBER 11, 1899, after
which date the usual penalties will be added.
No further notice will be given.
This District comprises the First, Seventh, Eighth,
Ninth, Tenth, and Twentieth wards of this city.
Checks will be received.
W. L. LILLIAN R. LEEDS, Collector.
8 21 24

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, AU-
GUST 17, 1899.

City warrants registering to 44,000 will be paid on pre-
sentation, interest ceasing from this date.
JOSEPH N. PEIRSON,
City Treasurer.
8 21 24

JAMES M. SCOVELL,
CAMDEN, N. J.

Collections made everywhere in New Jersey. 6 12 19 1

YANKEE GREEN CORN CUTTERS,

for table and kitchen use, give you the healthy
pulp without the indigestible hull. Various styles
and prices, from 25 cents up, for sale at all the house-furnish-
ing stores. 8 21

DR. F. R. THOMAS, THE LATE OP-
ERATOR of the Golden Dental Association, is now the
only one in Philadelphia who devotes his entire time
and practice to extracting teeth, absolutely without pain, by
the Nitro-nitron process. Office, No. 1222

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THIS
splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only
true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no
discoloring of the hair, no itching, no redness, no ill
effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft
and glossy. Sold by all Druggists, and by
Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Hair
Parlor, No. 16 BOND Street, New York. 4 21 11 1 1

ELLIS' IRON BITTERS.—"HAVING
used your Iron Bitters in my practice, I can testify
to its superior value for increasing the appetite
and promoting digestion. I can unhesitatingly re-
commend it to all persons suffering from indigestion,
and in conditions of the system requiring the use of a ferru-
gineous tonic. Its agreeable flavor most recommend it to
all persons."—DR. J. M. GAYNOR, M. D., Pro-
fessor in the Philadelphia University of Medicine and
Surgery.
For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN,
No. 802 ARCH Street, and by Druggists generally.

JOSE POEY,
Medico-Chirujano de la Facultad de la Habana, ha
trasladado su domicilio a la calle de Green, No. 1817,
donde recibe consultas de 7 a 9 de la mañana y de 3 a 6 de
la tarde.

DR. JOSE POEY,
Graduate of the University of Habana (Cuba), has re-
moved to No. 1817 Green Street.
Office Hours—7 to 9 A. M., 3 to 6 P. M. 7 23 1

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSION TO CAMP HANCOCK.—
AT WHEELING, DELAWARE CITY GARD.
EXCURSION TICKETS from Philadelphia to White-
hall, Pa., and return, via the North Pennsylvania
Railroad Company, No. 108 S. FIFTH Street, and corner
REKKS and AMERICAN Streets, on August 21, 23, 24,
25, 26, 27. Good until August 25 inclusive.
Rate \$2.75 for round trip.
8 21 24

ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

BECK'S PHILADELPHIA BAND, NO. 1.

THIRD GRAND EXCURSION

AROUND NEW YORK BAY AND
STATEN ISLAND.

Leaving Philadelphia, from WALNUT ST. WHARF, on
Tuesday, August 24, 1899, at 7 30 A. M.

FARE FOR THE EXCURSION.—Single Tickets, \$2.00;
Gentlemen and Ladies, \$1.50.
Tickets can be procured at the Offices, Nos. 811 and 825
Chestnut Street, Office of Beck's Band, No. 825 Market
Street, No. 201 Girard Avenue; and at the wharf on the
morning of the Excursion.

READING RAILROAD.—PARK ACCOMMO-
DATION TRAIN.—Between Philadelphia and Bel-
mont, commencing August 1, 1899. Starting from station,
SEVENTEENTH Street and PENNSYLVANIA Avenue,
and stopping at Coates Street (Park entrance), Brown
Street (Park entrance), Thompson Street, Millin Lane
(Entrance to Engel & Wolf's Farm), and east end of Co-
lumbia Bridge (Entrance to Washington Retreat).

(DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
Trains start from Seven: Trains start from Belmont—
Tenth and Pennsylvania: At 8 30 A. M.
At 10 30 A. M. " " 10 30 A. M.
At 11 30 A. M. " " 11 30 A. M.
At 1 30 P. M. " " 1 30 P. M.
At 3 30 P. M. " " 3 30 P. M.
At 5 30 P. M. " " 5 30 P. M.
Arrangements have been made with the Green and
Coates Streets, Seventeenth and Nineteenth Streets, and
Union Passenger Railways to sell exchange tickets in
connection with above trains, good either way, for 15
cents.
Single fares, on Park Accommodation Train, 10 cents.
For sale at Packages—7 for 50 cents, 14 for \$1.00.
For sale at offices, Seventeenth Street, Coates Street
and Belmont.
J. LOWRIE BELL,
General Agent.
8 22 24

DREXEL & CO.

NO. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
American and Foreign
BANKERS.

ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF
CREDIT available on presentation in any part of
Europe.
Travelers can make all their financial arrange-
ments through us, and we will collect their interest
and dividends without charge.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DREXEL, HARRIS & CO.,
New York. Paris. [3 10 4

OLD FASHION.

ARE YOU GOING OUT OF TOWN?

Never go anywhere at all
Without first stopping at GREAT BROWN HALL,
For the clothes of
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

Are you bound for the mountains, or bound for the
shore?
In either case, call at our GREAT BROWN STORE,
For some clothes.
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

Are you going to hunt, or fish, or shoot?
Mind that you buy a travelling suit
Made by
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

Whether you travel by steamer or rail,
If you value your comfort, stir, don't fail
To call on
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

Travel along, wherever you must stir,
But mind that you wear a linen duster,
Bought of
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

PLEASE TO REMEMBER! Just before you start
off travelling, call at our store,
And buy of
ROCKHILL & WILSON.

The pleasantest days of summer travel are yet be-
fore you, fellow-citizen!
Rapidly as our summer stock of Thin Clothes goes
off, there is yet
Some of it left!— Cheap!!
Some of it left!— Cheap!!
Some of it left!— Cheap!!

And it is to your Interest
To call and buy it, before it is all gone.

Yours respectfully,

ROCKHILL & WILSON,

GREAT BROWN STONE HALL,

NOS. 603 AND 605 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

THE GREAT FIRE AT YONKERS.

HERRING'S SAFES

AGAIN TESTED!

YONKERS, N. Y., August 13, 1899.

MESSES HERRING, FARRELL & SHERMAN, New
York.—Gentlemen:—At the great fire here on Sun-
day night last (8th inst.), which covered an area of
two blocks, we had two of your Safes in our building,
which passed safely through the ordeal. When first
discovered they were surrounded by burning lumber,
and bear evidence of having had a severe test, as our
place of business occupied seven tons, all covered
with buildings and lumber, all of which were en-
tirely consumed, and to this heat the Safes were
exposed. It was with great satisfaction that we
found, upon cutting into our Safes, as they were so
warped and swollen they could not be opened in no
other way, that our books and all papers and money
were all saved; indeed, the bills came out of the safe
without a single, and nothing is discolored but the
binding of the books. Respectfully yours,

ACKERT & QUICK.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES, the
most reliable protection from fire now known. HERR-
ING'S NEW PATENT BANKERS' SAFES, com-
bining hardened steel and iron with the patent Frank-
linite or SPIEGEL EISEN, furnishes a resistant
against boring and cutting tools to an extent heretofore
unknown.

FARRELL, HERRING & CO.,

PHILADELPHIA.

HERRING, FARRELL & SHERMAN,

No. 261 BROADWAY, corner Murray st., N. Y.

HERRING & CO., Chicago.

HERRING, FARRELL & SHERMAN, New Or-
leans. 8 19 4 1/2 1/2

GROCERIES, ETC.

WHITE PRESERVING BRANDY.

GENUINE AND PURE

French White Preserving Brandy,

Imported direct, and for sale by

SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,

S.W. CORNER BROAD AND WALNUT,

71st Street PHILADELPHIA.

NEW SPICED SALMON,

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

ALBERT C. ROBERTS,

Dealer in Fine Groceries,

117 Corner ELEVENTH and VINE Streets.

IMPORTANT TO COAL CONSUMERS.—

I have 20 per cent. in the cost of your fuel. Buy Broad
Top SEMI-BITUMINOUS COAL at 86 1/2 to 87 per ton,
instead of paying \$9 for Anthracite. In Europe no other
than BITUMINOUS COALS are used, and in Pittsburg
and the West soft coals are used exclusively.
This is the case in the same in Philadelphia.
Broad Top Coal is a fine burning SEMI-BITUMINOUS
COAL, and is admirably adapted for STEAM PUR-
poses, and for the GRATE, the FURNACE, the
RANGE, and the STOVE. It is not your duty, therefore,
to pay a premium for Anthracite at its present EX-
orbitant rate, and TRY if you cannot use Broad
Top and other similar good coals, and this save at least
\$2 per ton in the cost of your fuel! Buy the Lump, and
when necessary break it as required. Broad Top
Coal can be had of the undersigned, and most of the other
Coal dealers. Be sure and ask for the Broad Top Coal.
FOWELTON COAL AND IRON CO.,
S. W. COR. Front and Walnut
S. C. FORD & CO.,
Cheesnut and Third Street turnpike.
GEORGE A. HEBERTON,
Cheesnut and Third Street.
R. B. WIGTON,
Walnut Street, below Dock.
KEMBALL COAL & IRON CO.,
No. 313 Walnut Street.
GEORGE MEARS,
No. 313 Walnut Street.
8 7 24 1/2 1/2

THE OFFICE OF THE PHILA-
DELPHIA AND BOSTON SALT FISH

COMPANY is removed to No. 274 S. THIRD
Street, Room 15. 5 20 24

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. G. F. BISHOP, TEACHER OF SING-
ing and Piano, No. 25 S. NINETEENTH ST. [5 21 1

\$150 A YEAR BOARD AND TUITION AT
Academy, BERLIN, N. J. Rev. T.
REILLY. 8 21 24

DICKINSON COLLEGE

All the term of this Institution will begin Sep-
tember 2, 1899. R. L. DASHIELL,
President. 8 21 24

MISS BONNEY and MISS DILLAYE will
reopen their BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL
(twenty-four pupils), Sept. 1